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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/800,842	03/15/2004	Jerry L. Mattson	3163	1533	
23618 75	590 03/02/2005		EXAMINER		
CHASE LAW FIRM L.C			OLSON, LARS A		
4400 COLLEGE BOULEVARD, SUITE 130 OVERLAND PARK, KS 66211		130	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
	•		3617		
			DATE MAILED: 03/02/2005	DATE MAILED: 03/02/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

1			
1.	VF	Application No.	Applicant(s)
N		10/800,842	MATTSON, JERRY L.
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	The MAILING DATE of this communication app	Lars A Olson	3617
A SH THE - Extr afte - If th	OF REPLY HORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. ensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 r SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. e period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply o period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w	/ IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days	S) FROM nely filed s will be considered timely.
Fail Any	reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	cause the application to become ABANDONEI	O (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status			
1)□ 2a)□ 3)□	Responsive to communication(s) filed on This action is FINAL . 2b) This Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro	
Disposi	tion of Claims		
5)□ 6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-30</u> is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>1-30</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.	
Applica	tion Papers		
10)⊠	The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on 15 March 2004 is/are: a Applicant may not request that any objection to the a Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). lected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority	under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
a	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage
2) Noti 3) Info	nt(s) ice of References Cited (PTO-892) ice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) rmation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) er No(s)/Mail Date <u>03152004</u> .	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 1, 6-12 and 26-29 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Mattson (US 6,199,502).

Mattson discloses the same concrete module as claimed, as shown in Figures 1-8, that is comprised of a buoyant core, defined as Part #12, made from expanded polystyrene, said buoyant core being surrounded by a concrete shell, defined as Part #14, made from reinforced concrete and having a top, four sides and a bottom, as shown in Figure 2, at least one of said sides having a curved surface, as shown in Figures 2 and 3, such that vertical edges of said side can abut vertical edges of a side of an adjoining concrete module, a first pair of passages, defined as Part #42, for receiving a first pair of interconnecting members, defined as Part #52, as shown in Figure 6, through said concrete module in a first plane, defined as Part #22, said first plane being located below and parallel to an upper surface of said top, and a second pair of passages, defined as Part #44, for receiving a second pair of interconnecting members, defined as Part #52, as shown in Figure 6, through said concrete module in a second plane, defined as Part #52, as shown in Figure 6, through said concrete module in a second plane, defined as Part #26, where said second pair of passages are transverse

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to said first pair of passages, said second plane is below and parallel to said first plane, and a plurality of concrete modules can be adapted to be interconnected in order to form a floating structure, as shown in Figure 4. Said buoyant core is further comprised of at least two notches, defined as Part #32, in a top surface for receiving reinforcing rods, defined as Part #34, and concrete in order to form reinforcing ribs, defined as Part #16, as described in lines 14-25 of column 8. A plurality of brackets with different shapes, defined as Part #56, as shown in Figures 6A and 7, is also provided to attach items and other structures to a floating structure made with said concrete modules, as shown in Figure 4.

Mattson also discloses the same mold for forming a concrete module as claimed, as described in lines 38-67 of column 11, and lines 1-63 of column 12, said mold being comprised of a bottom plate and four side plates, each of said side plates being secured along a lower edge of said bottom plate, and having two vertical edges and a vertical surface that is curved inwardly, where each vertical edge of a side plate abuts an adjacent vertical edge of an adjacent side plate in order to form an enclosure or box.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claim 30 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Mattson.

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Mattson further discloses a method of forming a concrete module, as described in lines 24-63 of column 12, that is comprised of the steps of placing a buoyant core into a mold, inserting core rods through apertures in said sides which are axially aligned with apertures in opposite sides of said mold and grooves in said buoyant core, adding concrete to said mold over and around said buoyant core, vibrating the sides of said mold, scraping concrete flush with the top edges of the sides of said mold in order to finish a bottom surface of a concrete module, removing said core rods after concrete has reached a semi-plastic condition, removing said concrete module from said mold, and placing said concrete module in position for use or storage after said concrete cures.

Mattson, as set forth above, discloses all of the features claimed except for the use of the method steps of cleaning interior surfaces of a mold, and oiling said interior surfaces with a concrete release coating.

The procedures of cleaning and oiling a mold with a release agent prior to use of said mold would be considered by one of ordinary skill in the art to be obvious steps to facilitate the molding of an object.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention, to utilize the steps of cleaning and oiling a mold for a concrete module in combination with the method for forming a concrete module as disclosed by Mattson for the purpose of providing a method that facilitates greater ease and efficiency in the molding of a concrete module.

5. Claims 2-5 and 13-25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Mattson in view of Gardner (US 3,221,696).

Mattson, as set forth above, discloses all of the features claimed except for the use of one or more locking keys that extend from one or more sides of a concrete module, and one or more locking keyholes in one or more of sides of said concrete module that are vertically and horizontally aligned with locking keys of an adjoining concrete module.

Gardner discloses a mechanical coupling means for a multi-section floatable assembly, as shown in Figures 1-6, that is comprised of a plurality of pontoons, defined as Part #1, that are each fitted on all four sides with a pair of locking keys, defined as Part #25, that extend from each of said four sides, and a pair of locking keyholes, defined as Part #26, that are vertically and horizontally aligned with locking keys of an adjoining pontoon, as shown in Figure 1.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention, to utilize at least one locking key and at least one locking keyhole on each of four sides of a buoyant module, as taught by Gardner, in combination with the concrete module as disclosed by Mattson for the purpose of providing a means by which a concrete module may be interconnected with adjoining concrete modules in order to form an interlocking floating structure.

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Conclusion

6. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Hill (US 5,129,347) discloses a modular floating platform that is comprised of a plurality of buoyant modules that are interconnected by means of a plurality of locking keys that fit into a plurality of locking keyholes disposed on each of four corners of each of said buoyant modules. Svirklys et al. (US 4,733,626) discloses a flotation system that is comprised of a plurality of buoyant modules that interlock with each other by means of a plurality of locking keys and locking keyholes that are disposed on the top and bottom surfaces of each of said buoyant modules.

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication from the examiner should be directed to Exr. Lars Olson whose telephone number is (703) 308-9807.

lo

February 24, 2005

LARS A. OLSON PRIMARY EXAMINER

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